For définitions, refer Sipser.

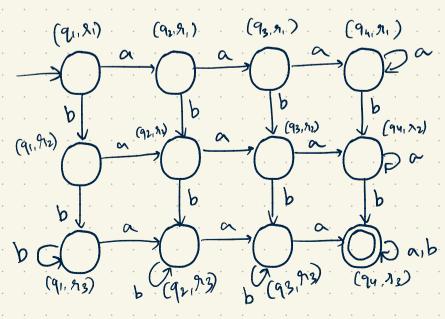
14 (a) fw/whas at least 3 as l at least 2 b's}

Sol. We want the intersection of 2 DFAs m. 1 M2
M. recognizes & W/ W has at least 3 as]
M2 recognizes & W/ W has at least 2 b's}

 $\frac{M}{\sqrt{q_1}} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \frac{1}{\sqrt{q_2}} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \frac{1}{\sqrt{q_3}} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \frac{1}{\sqrt{q_3}}} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \frac{1}{\sqrt{q_3}} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \frac{1}{\sqrt{q_3}} \xrightarrow{\alpha} \frac{1}{\sqrt{q_$

M2 A B A B C C A B

 $M_1 \cap M_2$



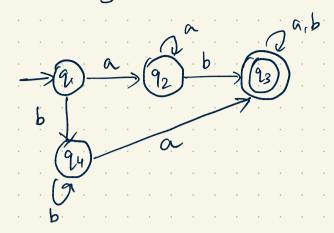
1.4 (C)) { whose an even number of a's and 1 or 2 b's}
	Want M. n M2, where
	M, recognizes { w w has an even number of a
 	M2 recognizes { w' w' has 1 or 2 'b's}
	$\rightarrow \bigcirc$ \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc
<u>m2</u>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
MIN M	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

1.5 (c) Construct a DFA that recognizes

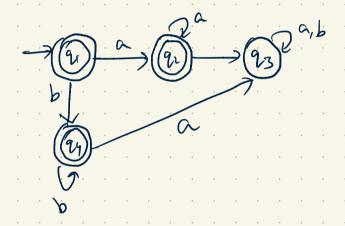
L= { W | W contains neither ab nor ba}

The complement of this language is $L = \{ w \mid w \text{ contains ab or contains ba} \}$

DFA that recognizes I

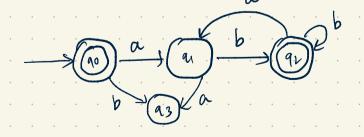


Complement this to get the DFA that recognizes L:



1.5(e) {w | w is any string NOT in Cab+)*} = L

$$T = \{ \omega \mid \omega \text{ is in } (ab^{\dagger})^{*} \}$$



recognizes [

Complement this:

recognizes L

1-9 (1) Construct a DFA that recognizes $\{ \omega \mid \text{ every odd position of } \omega \text{ is a 1} \}$ over $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$

Sol Important : É (empty string) BELONGS to this language.

